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Instru	ctio	ns: (	Com	plet	e the	e wo	rd ju	ımbl	е ри	ızzle	e. Us	e the clues to help identify the w	ords.
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2.	I	N	Α	S	Α	Т	S	1	S	N	0	A S	
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18.	L	Т	0	W	М	ı						

## Clues

- Plan a Union strategy in the Civil War to squeeze the Confederates into submission by controlling the Mississippi River and isolating forces west of the river, thus splitting the Confederacy in two
   the murder of a prominent person, usually for political reasons
- 2. the made of a prominent person, academy to pendod reaction
- 3. the use of naval forces to isolate a seaport and prevent ships from entering or leaving it
- 4. a bitter herb whose root was ground to serve as a replacement for coffee during the Civil War
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_ of 1850 a multipart compromise whereby California joined the Union as a free state, Utah and New Mexico Territories could decide on slavery by popular sovereignty, and a Fugitive Slave Act was passed
- 6. \_\_\_\_\_ States of America (CSA) the union, formed in April 1861, of seven (eventually eleven) slave states that had seceded from the United States beginning shortly after the election of Abraham Lincoln in 1860
- Act an act in the Civil War that allowed the Union army to confiscate the property of those who continued to support the Confederacy
- 8. Act an act first passed in the Civil War to set up a draft (compulsory enlistment for military service)
- 9. the freeing of slaves
- Slave Act an act designed to ensure southern slaveholders that they could reclaim slaves who escaped to free states
- 11. Compromise an 1820 compromise that brought Missouri into the Union as a slave state and maine as a free state; it established a demarcation line for slavery at latitude 36 degrees 30 minutes N
- 12. Emancipation \_\_\_\_\_ a proclamation issued by President Lincoln on January 1, 1863, that did not end slavery but was designed to create havoc by freeing slaves only in Confederate-occupied areas
- 13. making an unfair profit on essential goods during emergency times

states' \_\_\_\_\_ - the principle that the rights of individual states should prevail over the rights of the federal government
the thinking of northerners and southerners that their own part of the country was fundamentally different from the other, based in large part on the issue of slavery
a tactic where an army tries to capture a fort or town by surrounding it and preventing supplies from reaching it
popular \_\_\_\_\_ - the ability of the people of an area to decide an issue, such as whether to allow slavery, for themselves
Proviso - proposed legislation, which was never passed, that would prohibit slavery in any new territory acquired from the Mexican-American War

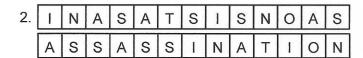
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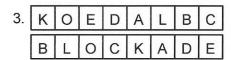
Louisiana: Our History, Our Home

## **Chapter 10 Secession and Civil War**

**Instructions:** Complete the word jumble puzzle. Use the clues to help identify the words.







7.	F	N	Т	С	N	1	0	0	I	S	С	Α
	С	0	N	F	I.	S	С	Α	Т	1	0	N

12. T 0 M 0 13. G E 14. S G S G 15. S C S M S 0 16. G S E E G

## Clues

18.

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Plan - a Union strategy in the Civil War to squeeze the Confederates into submission by controlling the Mississippi River and isolating forces west of the river, thus splitting the Confederacy in two 2. the murder of a prominent person, usually for political reasons 3. the use of naval forces to isolate a seaport and prevent ships from entering or leaving it 4. a bitter herb whose root was ground to serve as a replacement for coffee during the Civil War of 1850 - a multipart compromise whereby California joined the Union as a free state. Utah and New Mexico Territories could decide on slavery by popular sovereignty, and a Fugitive Slave Act was passed States of America (CSA) - the union, formed in April 1861, of seven (eventually eleven) slave states that had seceded from the United States beginning shortly after the election of Abraham Lincoln in 1860 Act - an act in the Civil War that allowed the Union army to confiscate the property of those who continued to support the Confederacy Act - an act first passed in the Civil War to set up a draft (compulsory enlistment for military service) 9. the freeing of slaves Slave Act - an act designed to ensure southern slaveholders that they could reclaim slaves who escaped to free states Compromise - an 1820 compromise that brought Missouri into the Union as a slave state and maine as a 11.

free state; it established a demarcation line for slavery at latitude 36 degrees 30 minutes N

but was designed to create havoc by freeing slaves only in Confederate-occupied areas

13. making an unfair profit on essential goods during emergency times

- a proclamation issued by President Lincoln on January 1, 1863, that did not end slavery

states' \_\_\_\_\_ - the principle that the rights of individual states should prevail over the rights of the federal government
the thinking of northerners and southerners that their own part of the country was fundamentally different from the other, based in large part on the issue of slavery
a tactic where an army tries to capture a fort or town by surrounding it and preventing supplies from reaching it
popular \_\_\_\_\_ - the ability of the people of an area to decide an issue, such as whether to allow slavery, for themselves
Proviso - proposed legislation, which was never passed, that would prohibit slavery in any new territory acquired from the Mexican-American War