

Name: _____ Date: _____ Class: _____



World Studies for Georgia Students-Grade 6

Chapter 10: Canada

Section 1: The Geography of Canada

Guided Reading

Instructions: Read the section and complete each item with words from the passages in this section.

1. Canada is bordered by three oceans: the _____ on the east, the _____ on the north, and the _____ on the west.
2. Canada's _____ was estimated by the World Bank in 2017 to be about 36 million people, which is _____ compared to its large land area.
3. Most Canadians live in _____ or towns. Only about 20 percent of the people live in _____ areas.
4. The _____ are important to both Canada and the United States because of the fresh water, transportation routes, and areas for recreation they provide for tens of millions of people.
5. The Canadian _____ covers a large part of eastern and central Canada.
6. While Canada is not always covered in _____, the climate of Canada greatly affects the people who live there.
7. Most of the southeastern part of Canada has a humid _____ climate, which means it has warm to hot summers and cold winters.
8. Moving _____, Canada becomes much colder. Few Canadians live in the _____ regions for this reason.
9. Because many of the _____ resources of Canada are found in remote areas, Canadians are spread across their country.

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10. The country's vast number of renewable and nonrenewable natural resources allows Canada to have many _____ that promote a strong economy and a high standard of living.
11. Canada has passed laws to limit air _____. The government has worked with companies to build _____ that do not pollute the air.
12. Industries and people in Canada depend upon _____ from the Great Lakes. People drink the water, but they also use it to _____ goods in their factories.
13. Canada and the United States signed the Great Lakes Water _____ Agreement in 1972 and updated it in 2012. The _____ of the agreement was to restore the lakes' environment and prevent further damage.
14. The Canadian _____ is a large area of uplands and surrounds Hudson Bay and covers most of the eastern half of Canada. Beneath the thin and rocky soil are some of Canada's most valuable _____.
15. _____ cover almost half the land in Canada. Canadians have made this natural resource important to the _____.



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Chapter 10: Canada

Section 2: A Brief History of Canada

Guided Reading

Instructions: Read the section and complete each item with words from the passages in this section.

1. For thousands of years, the land that became Canada was inhabited by _____ (native) people.
2. The arrival of _____ changed the way of life for the indigenous people.
3. After being explored and colonized by the _____, Canada became part of the Kingdom of _____ in 1763 as a result of France's defeat in the French and Indian War.
4. By the mid-1860s, people in Canada wanted to be _____ and be able to rule their country themselves in a manner similar to the United States. They asked the British Parliament to create a _____ allowing for increased self-government.
5. A _____ is a self-governing nation of the Commonwealth of Nations other than the United Kingdom that acknowledges the British monarch as chief of state.
6. In 1931, the British Parliament granted _____ to Canada.
7. It was not until 1982 that the final links were _____ between the British Parliament and the Canadian government.
8. Even though the French lost Canada in 1763, the legacy of the French is still alive in the province of _____.
9. According to 2011 Canadian census data, about 20 percent of Canadians speak _____ as their first language, but 81 percent of the people in _____ speak French as their first language.

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Section 2: A Brief History of Canada

Guided Reading

10. Some people in Quebec, however, want Quebec to be an _____ country. These people are called _____.
11. They believe that Quebec cannot keep its _____ language and culture in a country where most people have English as a first language.
12. The government of Canada has passed several laws to help Quebec's citizens _____ their language and culture. First, they made Canada officially _____.
13. In Quebec, _____ is the only official language. English may be used in _____, but it must be placed after the French words, and it must be in a smaller size.

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Chapter 10: Canada

Section 3: Language and Religion in Canada

Guided Reading

Instructions: Read the section and complete each item with words from the passages in this section.

1. The _____ and the _____ explored and established settlements across North America. They brought their languages and _____ with them.
2. _____ was different in Quebec, too. The French-speaking people of Quebec were mostly Roman _____.
3. Most of the rest of Canada was _____ Christian.
4. Only about 17 percent of Canadians are _____ English/French-speakers.
5. Today, about 80 percent of people in Quebec are _____. In _____ as a whole, the number is about 44 percent.



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Chapter 10: Canada

Section 4: The Government of Canada

Guided Reading

Instructions: Read the section and complete each item with words from the passages in this section.

1. The government of Canada is a _____ monarchy. The _____ (king or queen) of the United Kingdom is the head of state and traditional symbolic leader of the country.
2. Canada has a _____ democracy in which citizens elect members of parliament, called MPs, who in turn elect the prime minister who leads as head of government.
3. The Canadian prime minister is in charge of the _____, enforces laws, and keeps the country running day to day. The prime minister also leads the _____.
4. Canada also has a _____ government, where power is divided between the central government and the ten provinces.
5. Canada's provinces can write their own _____ and elect their own _____.
6. Citizens of Canada have many _____, and they also have the right to vote on certain issues and for the men and women who will be their government leaders.
7. National, provincial, and local _____ are held on a regular basis, and smooth transition between leaders helps to ensure that the country operates in an organized and _____ manner.
8. Canada has a level of personal freedom that is among the _____ in the world.



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Chapter 10: Canada

Section 5: The Economy of Canada

Guided Reading

Instructions: Read the section and complete each item with words from the passages in this section.

1. Canada has a _____ economy that is one of the strongest and freest in the world.
2. Canada has a stable political climate, strong property rights, and a competitive _____ sector (businesses like banks, insurance companies, and real estate).
3. In 1994, the governments of Canada, the United States, and Mexico signed the North American _____ Agreement (NAFTA). This agreement took away all _____ on goods traded among the three countries.
4. NAFTA did other things in addition to creating the world's _____ free-trade zone.
5. Canada's _____ in the world helps it to be a leader in world trade.
6. Canada sells _____ and natural gas, fish, agricultural products, and timber to other countries.
7. Canada is the United States' largest foreign supplier of _____, including oil, gas, and electric power, and a top source of the United States' uranium imports.
8. In Canada, the currency is the Canadian _____.
9. Because of the image of a _____ (a bird) on the \$1 coin, Canadians sometimes refer to it as the *loonie*.

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Chapter 10: Canada

Section 5: The Economy of Canada

Guided Reading

10. Canadians have a relatively _____ standard of living compared to people in other countries. This is because of the many valuable natural resources Canadians can _____ to other countries.
11. The _____ rate is the percentage of a population's adults that can read and write. Canada has a very _____ literacy rate.
12. Canada is a world leader in _____, people who have creative, innovative ideas about goods and services.



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Chapter 10: Canada

Section 6: US-Canada Relations

Guided Reading

Instructions: Read the section and complete each item with words from the passages in this section.

1. The United States and Canada share the world's longest undefended _____, and their bilateral (two-sided) relationship is one of the closest and most _____ in the world.
2. The United States' _____ arrangements with Canada are more extensive than with any other country. The Permanent Joint Board on Defense is one example of _____ cooperation between the two countries.
3. The United States and Canada also share North Atlantic _____ (NATO) mutual security commitments.
4. These agreements help to _____ both countries because other nations understand that, if Canada is attacked, the United States will assist in its defense.
5. The United States and Canada share the world's _____ trading relationship that supports millions of jobs in each country.
6. Canada and the United States also operate an integrated _____ grid.
7. Canada and the United States have one of the world's largest _____ relationships. The United States is Canada's _____ foreign investor, and Canada is the _____-largest foreign investor in the United States.
8. _____ between countries about trading issues can be settled by working with groups such as the World Trade Organization (WTO).